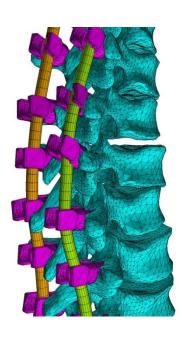
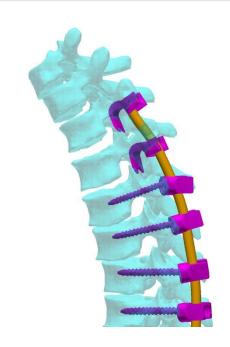
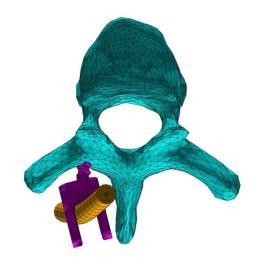


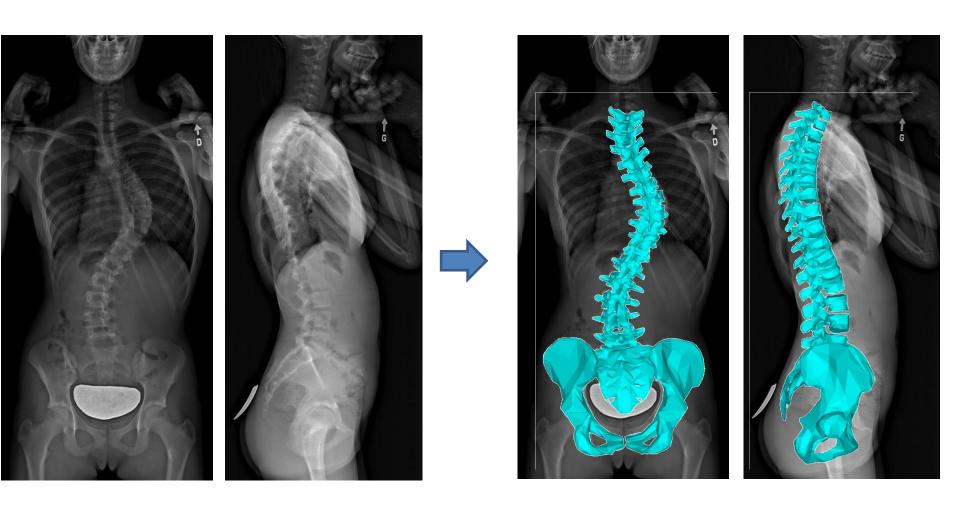
Scoliosis Surgery Simulation





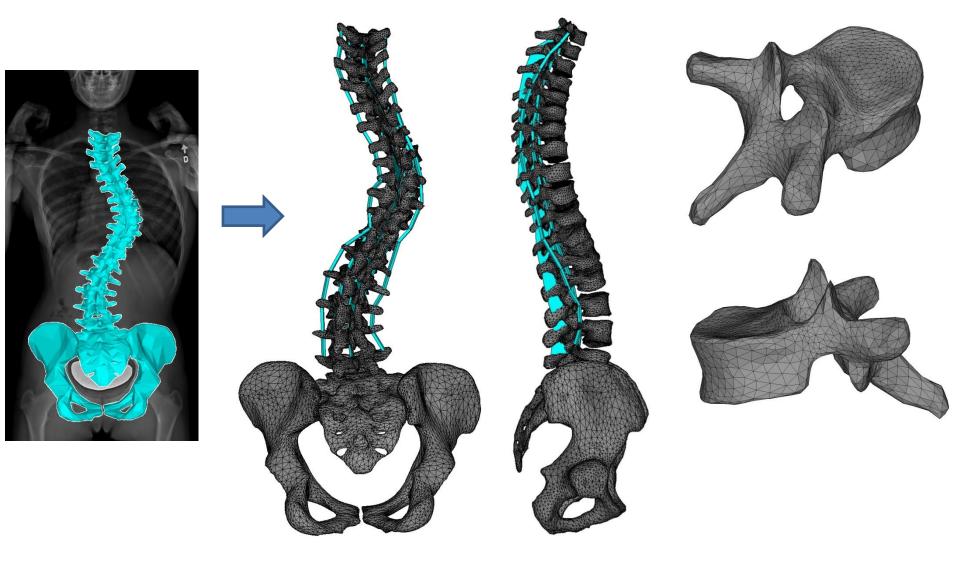


Personalized 3D Geometry



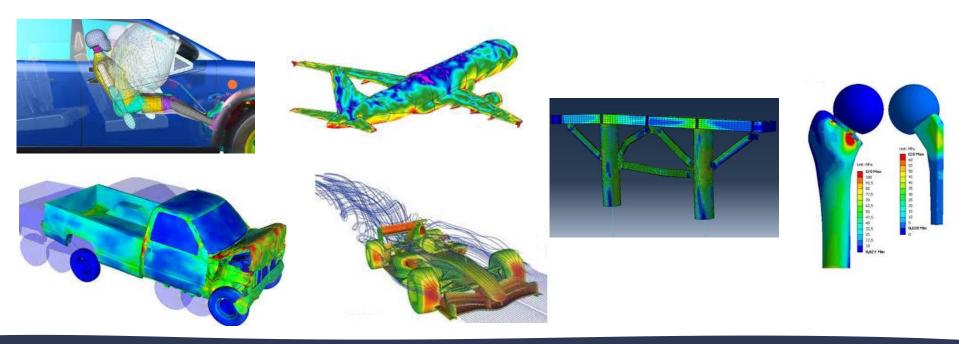


Spine Finite Element Model



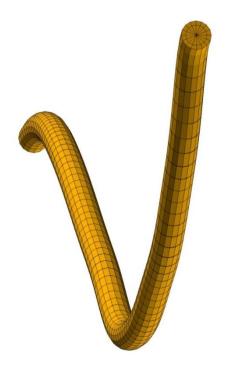
Finite Element (FE) Models

- Finite element model: mathematical method widely used in traditional engineering fields (aeronautics, car industry, civil engineering).
- Principle: Discretize a given geometry in order to compute the deformations of a body when external forces are applied on it.
- FE models are increasingly popular in the medical field.



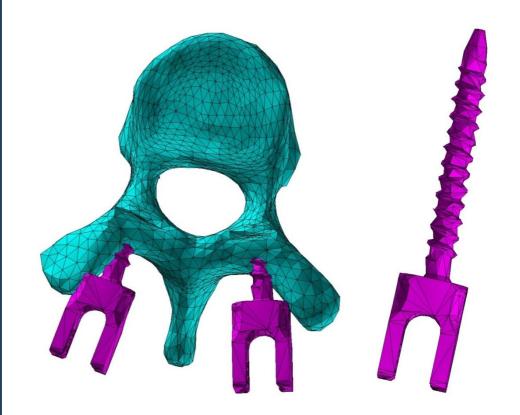
Rod FE Model

- Materials: Cobalt Chrome,
 Titanium, Stainless Steel
- Plasticity included.



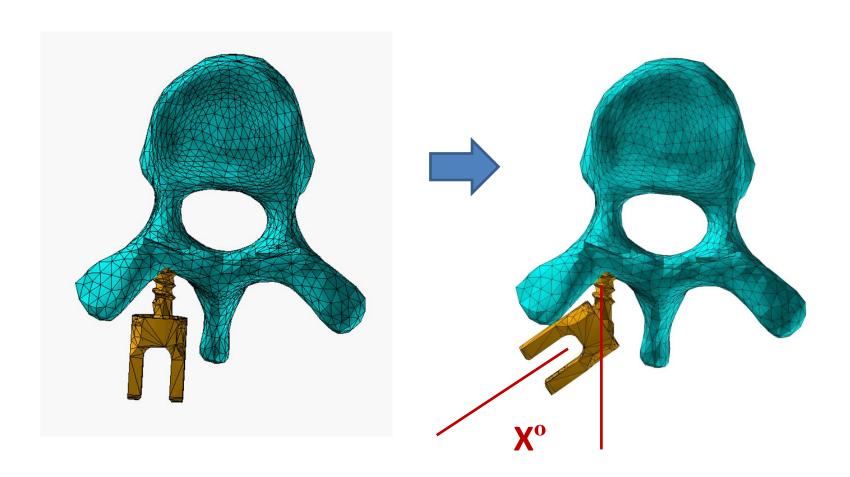
Screws FE Model

 Any type of screw can be modeled (here a 'generic' screw was used).

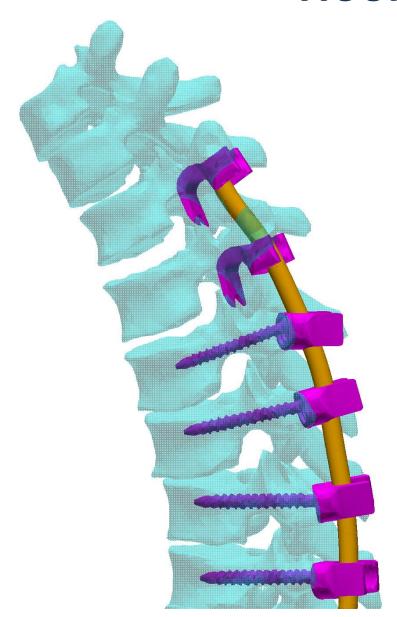


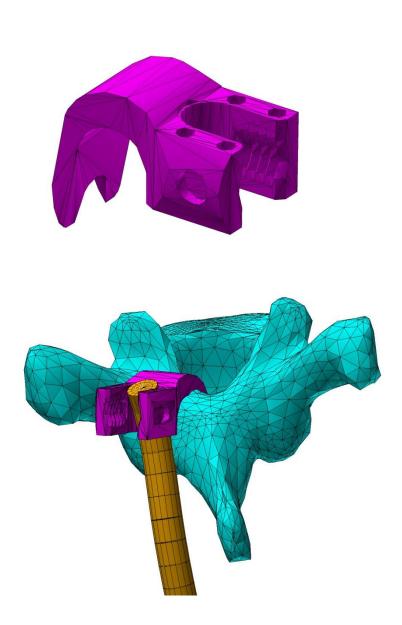
Screw Behavior

Mono-Axial, Multi-Axial, Uniplanar Screws can be modeled.

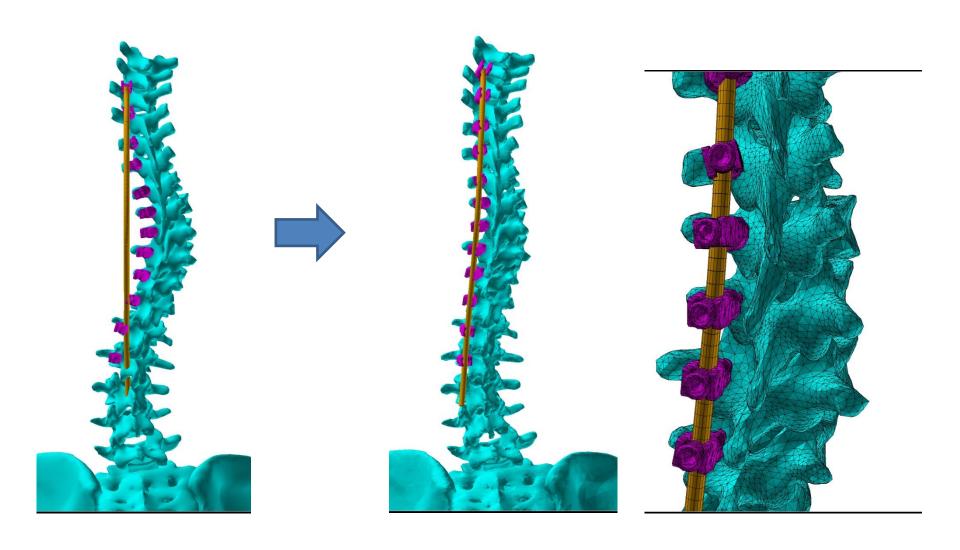


Hook FE Model

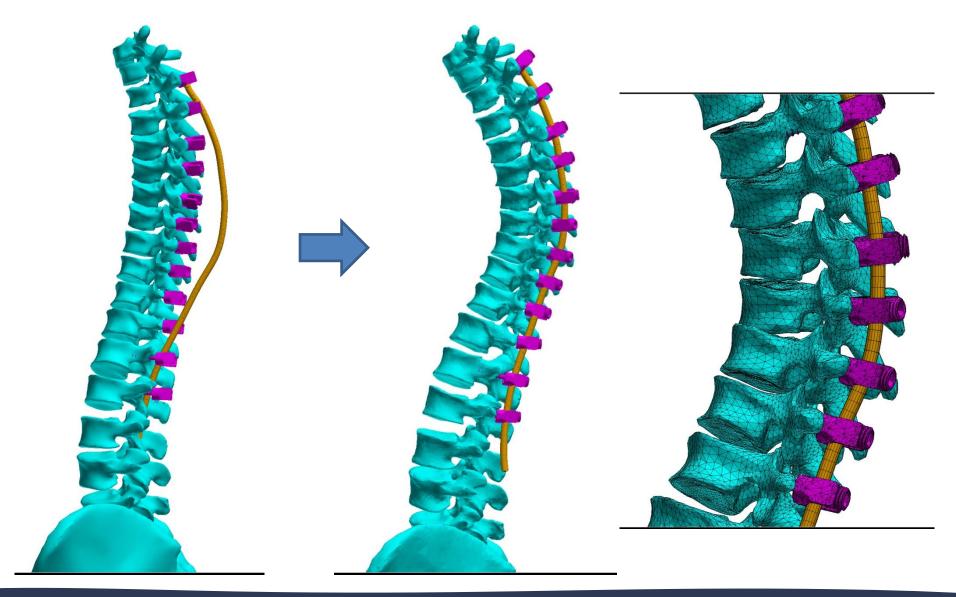




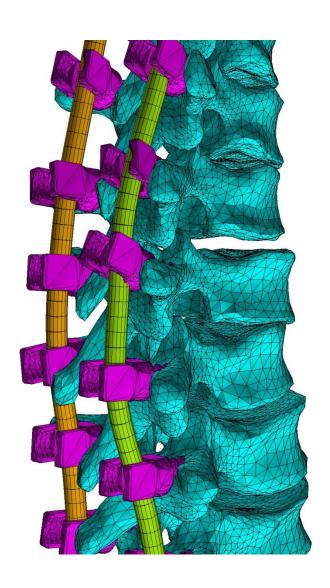
Simulation: 1st Rod Attachment

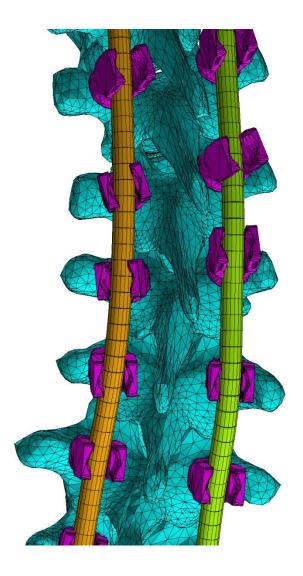


Simulation: 1st Rod Attachment

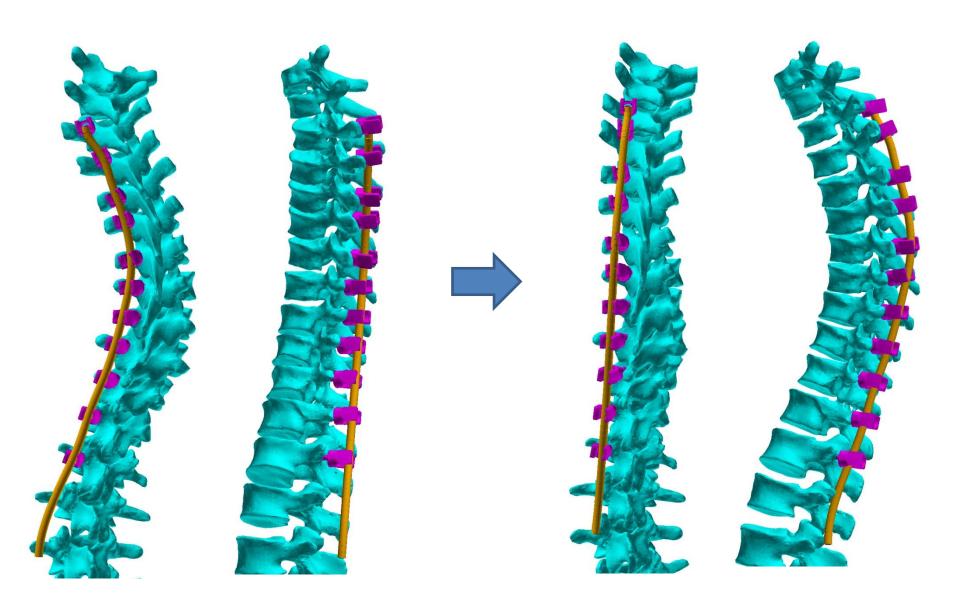


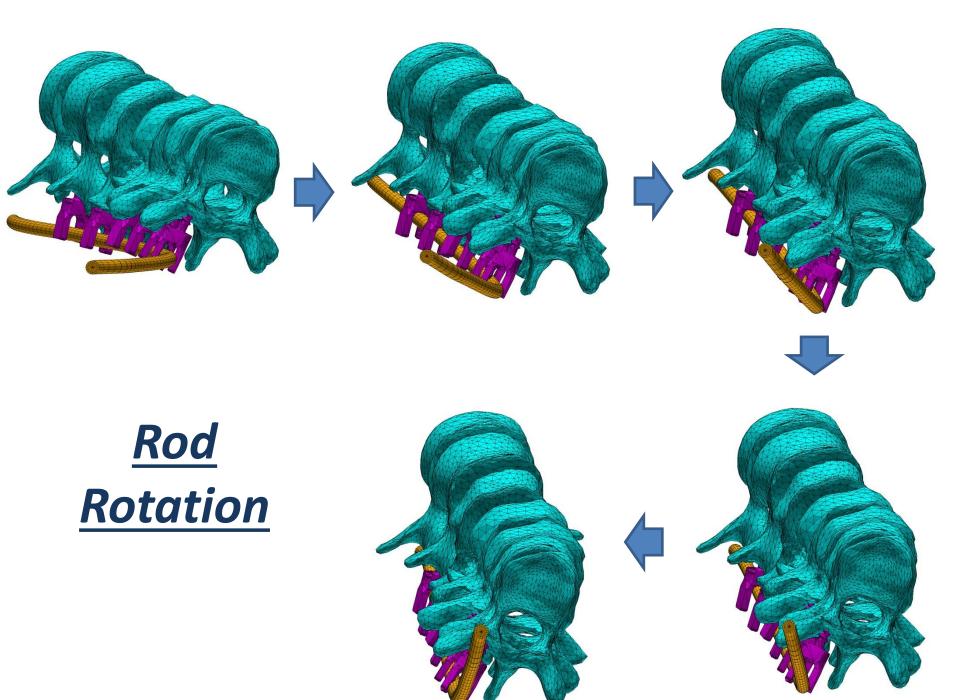
Simulation: 2nd Rod Attachment



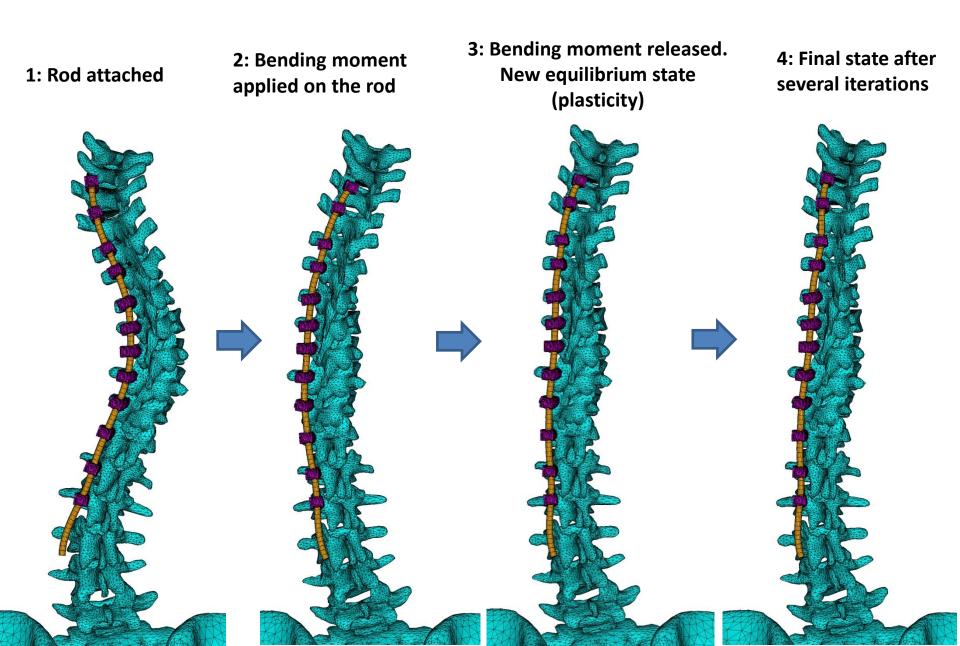


Simulation: Rod Rotation

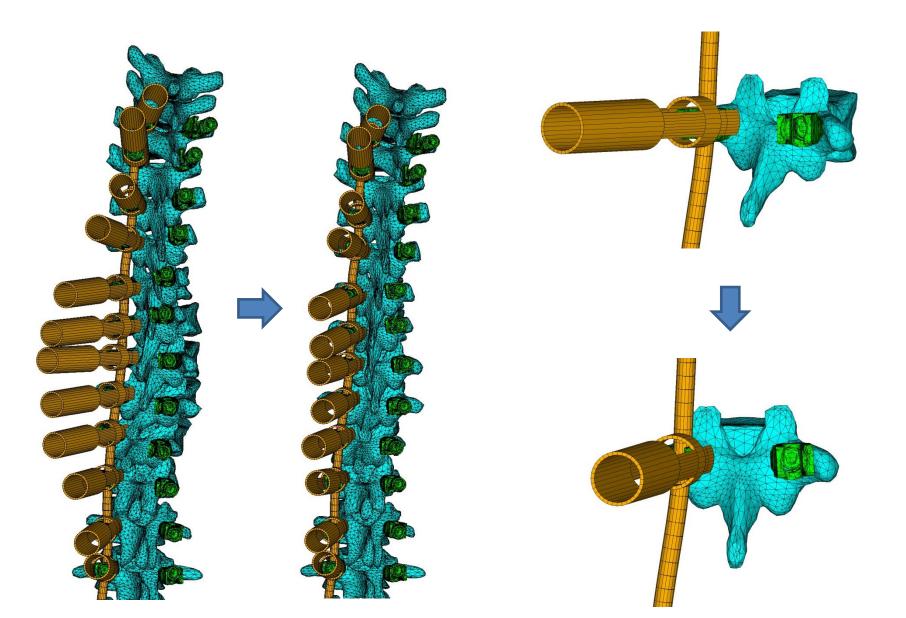




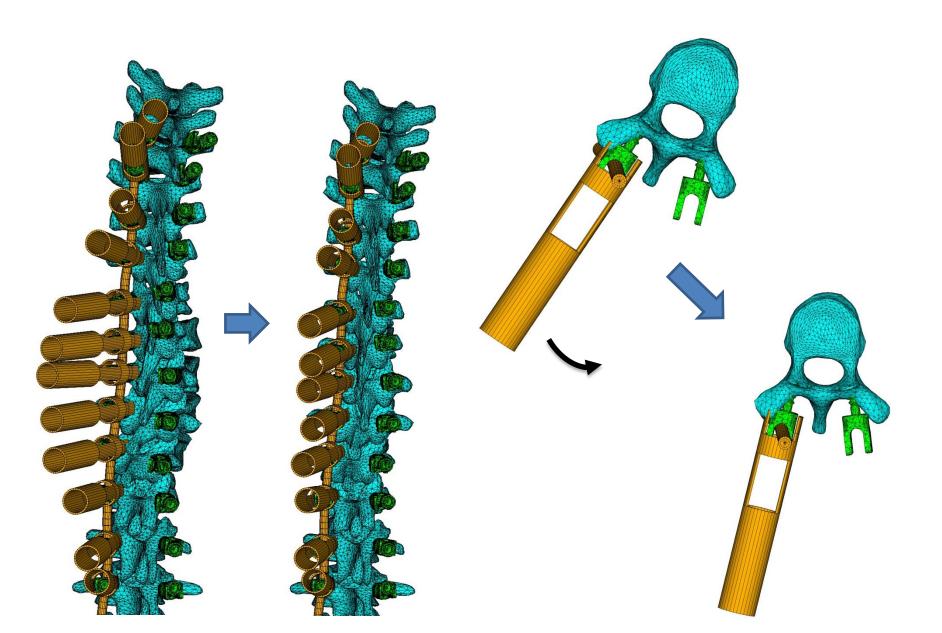
Simulation: In-Situ Bending



Simulation: Vertebral Derotation

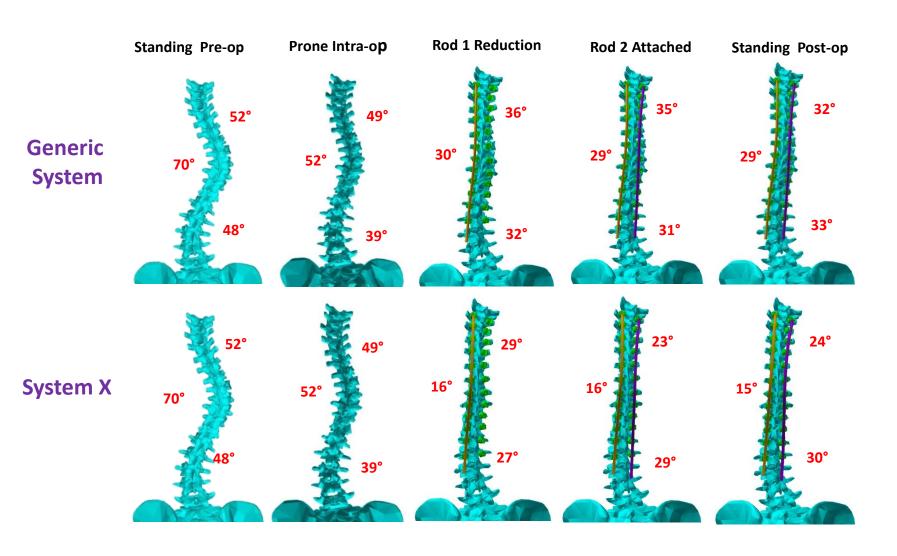


Simulation: Vertebral Derotation



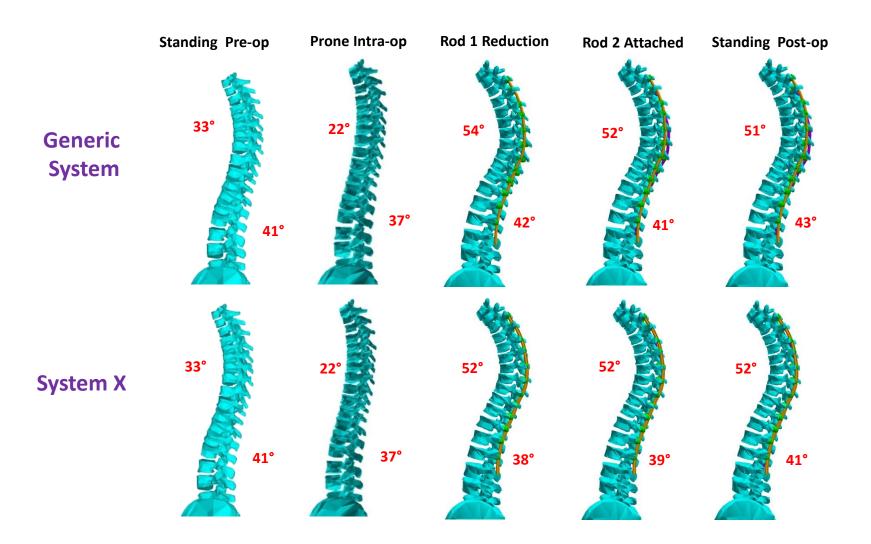
Simulation Output: Geometrical Corrections

Coronal Plane (Cobb Angles)



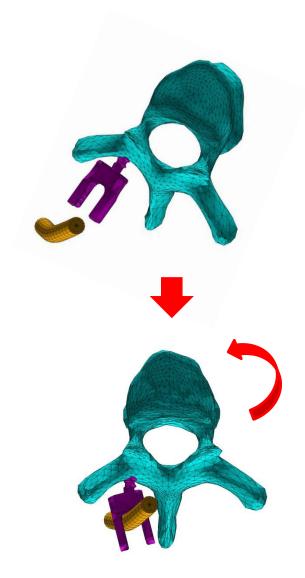
Output: Geometrical Corrections

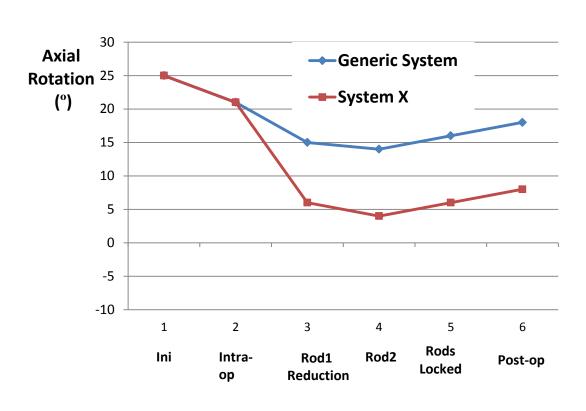
Sagittal Plane (Kyphosis, Lordosis)



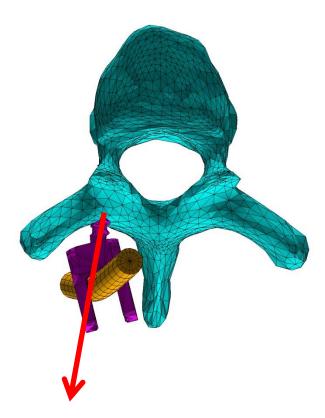
Output: Geometrical Corrections

Transverse Plane (Axial Rotation)

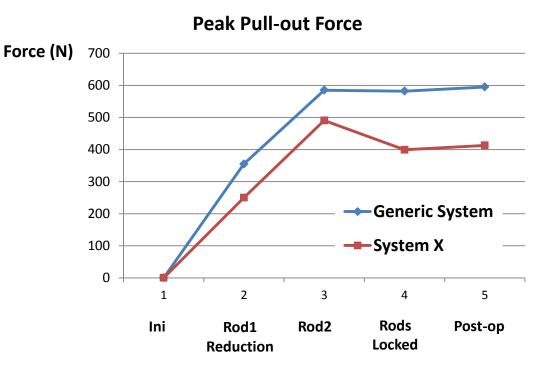




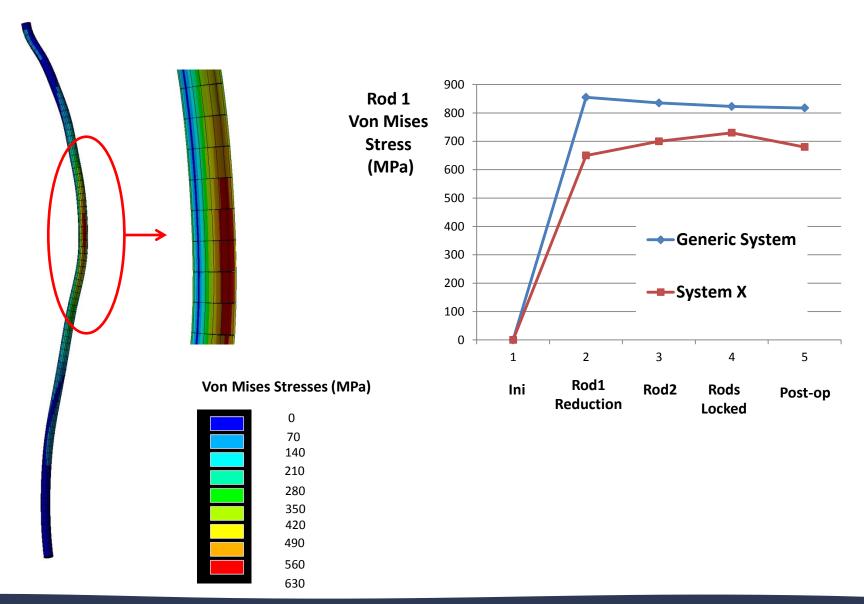
Output: Peak Pull-out Forces



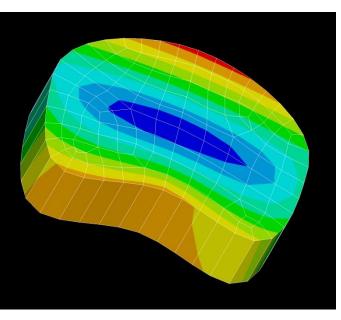
F = Axial Pull-out Force (N)



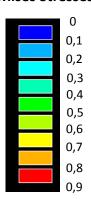
Output: Rods Stresses

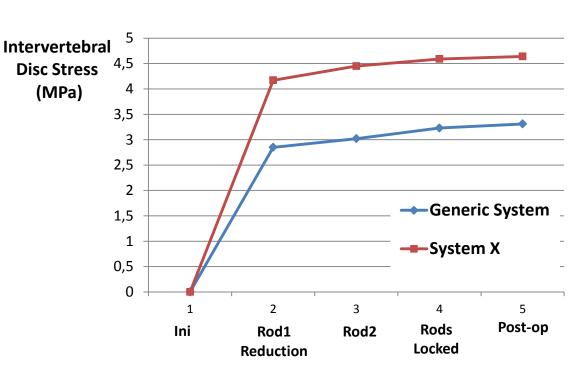


Output: Intervertebral Discs Stresses



Von Mises Stresses (MPa)





Scoliosis Surgery Simulation

- To test/optimize your spinal instrumentation design during or after product development.
- To compare your spinal instrumentation to a generic design.
- To prove your new spinal instrumentation design is an improvement over previous versions or other existing designs.
- To assist in obtaining regulatory approval.





